

```

import numpy as np
from numpy import *

def SWFevalue(m,n,sign,c,smax,eps):
    csq = sign*c*c
    c2D2 = 0.5*csq
    c4 = csq*csq
    nMm = n-m
    fm2M1 = 4.0*m*m- 1.0
    r1Start = 0 if nMm%2 == 0 else 1
    r = r1Start
    fr = r
    tmPr = 2*m+r
    mPr = m+r
    tmPtrM1 = 2.0*mPr-1.0
    for s in range(r1Start,(nMm+1)//2+1):
        B1[s] = (fr+2.0)*(fr+1.0)*(tmPr+2.0)*(tmPr+1.0)*
c4/((tmPtrM1+4.0)*(tmPtrM1+4.0)*(tmPtrM1+2.0)*(tmPtrM1+6.0))
        G1[s] = mPr*(mPr+1.0)+c2D2*(1.0-fm2M1/(tmPtrM1*(tmPtrM1+4.0)))
        fr += 2.0
        tmPr += 2.0
        tmPtrM1 += 4.0
        mPr += 2.0
    r2Start = nMm+2*smax
    fr = r2Start
    tmPr = 2*m+r2Start
    mPr = m+r2Start
    tmPtrM1=2*mPr-1
    for s in range(1,smax+1):
        B2[s]= fr*(fr-1.0)*tmPr*(tmPr-1.0)*c4/(tmPtrM1*tmPtrM1*(tmPtrM1-
2.0)*(tmPtrM1+2.0))
        G2[s]= mPr*(mPr+1.0)+c2D2*(1.0-fm2M1/(tmPtrM1*(tmPtrM1+4.0)))
        fr -= 2.0
        tmPr -= 2.0
        tmPtrM1 -= 4.0
        mPr -= 2.0
    if n == 0:
        if abs(c) < 3.0:
            Lest = LPS(m,n,csq)
        else:
            Lest = LAS(m,n,sign,c)
    else:
        if abs(c) < 4.0:
            Lest = LPS(m,n,csq)
        else:
            Lest = LAS(m,n,sign,c)
    Lu = Lest+0.1
    Ld = Lest-0.1
    Uu = U(B1, G1, B2, G2, m, n, r1Start, r2Start, smax, Lu)
    Ud = U(B1, G1, B2, G2, m, n, r1Start, r2Start, smax, Ld)
    k = 1
    while Uu*Ud > 0.0:
        Lstep= Lu- Ld
        if abs(Uu) < abs(Ud):
            Lu += Lstep
            Uu = U(B1, G1, B2, G2, m, n, r1Start, r2Start, smax, Lu)
        else:
            Ld -= Lstep
            Ud = U(B1, G1, B2, G2, m, n, r1Start, r2Start, smax, Ld)
        if k > NTRY:
            #print(f'\n SWFevalue bracket > {NTRY} tries : 0 returned')
            return(0.0)
        k = k+1
    Uu = U(B1, G1, B2, G2, m, n, r1Start, r2Start, smax, Lu)

```

```

Umid = U(B1, G1, B2, G2, m, n, r1Start, r2Start, smax, Ld)
if Uu < 0.0:
    dL = Ld-Lu
    Lrt = Lu
else:
    dL = Lu-Ld
    Lrt = Ld
k = 0
while (abs(dL) >= eps) and (Umid != 0.0):
    dL *= 0.5
    Lmid = Lrt+dL
    Umid = U(B1, G1, B2, G2, m, n, r1Start, r2Start, smax, Lmid)
    if (Umid <= 0.0):
        Lrt = Lmid
    k = k+1
    if k > KMAX:
        print(f'\n > {KMAX} tries to bisect root')
        Umid = 0.0
return(Lrt)

def LAS(m, n, sign, c):
    if sign > 0:
        q = 2*(n - m) + 1
        q2 = q*q
        q3 = q2*q
        q4 = q3*q
        q5 = q4*q
        q6 = q5*q
        fm = m
        m2 = fm*fm
        m4 = m2*m2
        m6 = m4*m2
        L0 = c*q+m2-(q2+5.0)/8.0
        L1 = -q*(q2+11.0-32.0*m2)/64
        L2 = -(5.0*(q4+26.0*q2+21.0)-384.0*m2*(q2+1.0))/1024.0
        L3 =
        -q*((33.0*q4+1594.0*q2+5621.0)/128.0-m2*(37.0*q2+167.0)+m4/8.0)/128.0
        L4 = -((63.0*q6+4940.0*q4+43327*q2+22470.0)/65536.0-
        m2*(115.0*q4+1310.0*q2+735.0)/512.0+3.0*m4*(q2+1.0)/8.0)
        L5 = -q*((527.0*q6+61529.0*q4+1043961.0*q2+2241599.0)/1048576.0-
        m2*(5739.0*q4+127550.0*q2+298951.0)/32768.0+m4*(355.0*q2+1505.0)/512.0-m6/16.0)
    else:
        nMm = n-m
        if nMm % 2 == 0:
            nu = nMm/2
            q = n + 1
        else:
            nu = (nMm-1)/2
            q= n
        q2 = q*q
        q3 = q2*q
        q4 = q3*q
        q5 = q4*q
        q6 = q5*q
        fm = m
        m2 = fm*fm
        m4 = m2*m2
        m6 = m4*m2
        L0 = -c*c+2.0*c*(2.0*nu+fm+1.0)-2.0*nu*(nu+fm+1.0)-(fm + 1.0)
        L1 = -q*(q2+1.0- m2)/8.0
        L2 = -(5.0*q4+10.0*q2+1.0-2.0*m2*(3.0*q2+1.0)+m4)/64.0
        L3 = -q*(33.0*q4+114.0*q2+37.0-2.0*m2*(23.0*q2+25.0)+13.0*m4)/512.0
        L4 = -(63.0*q6+340.0*q4+239.0*q2+14.0-
        10.0*m2*(10.0*q4+23.0*q2+3.0)+m4*(39.0*q2-18.0)-2.0*m6)/1024.0

```

```

    L5 = 0.0
    cR = 1.0/c
    LLAS = L0+(L1+(L2+(L3+(L4+L5*cR)*cR)*cR)*cR)*cR
    return(LLAS)

```

```
def LPS(m, n, csq):
```

```
# Suite de puissances pour valeurs propres de fonctions d onde spheroidales
```

```

    L0=n*(n+1)
    tm = 2*m
    tn = 2*n
    tnM1 = tn-1.0
    tnM3 = tn-3.0
    tnM5 = tn-5.0
    tnM7 = tn-7.0
    tnP1 = tn+1.0
    tnP3 = tn+3.0
    tnP5 = tn+5.0
    tnP7 = tn+7.0
    tnP9 = tn+9.0
    nMm = n-m
    nMmM1 = nMm-1.0
    nMmM2 = nMm-2.0
    nMmM3 = nMm-3.0
    nMmP1 = nMm+1.0
    nMmP2 = nMm+2.0
    nMmP3 = nMm+3.0
    nMmP4 = nMm+4.0
    nPm = n+m
    nPmM1 = nPm-1.0
    nPmM2 = nPm-2.0
    nPmM3 = nPm-3.0
    nPmP1 = nPm+1.0
    nPmP2 = nPm+2.0
    nPmP3 = nPm+3.0
    nPmP4 = nPm+4.0
    L2 = 0.5*(1.0-((tm-1.0)*(tm+1.0))/(tnM1*tnP3))
    L4 =
    0.5*(-nMmP1*nMmP2*nPmP1*nPmP2/(pow(tnP3,3.0)*tnP5)+nMmM1*nMm*nPmM1*nPm/
    (tnM3*pow(tnM1,3.0)))/tnP1
    L6 = (tm*tm-1.0)*(nMmP1*nMmP2*nPmP1*nPmP2/(pow(tnP3,4.0)*tnP5*tnP7)-
    nMmM1*nMm*nPmM1*nPm/(tnM5*tnM3*pow(tnM1,4.0)))/(tnM1*tnP1*tnP3)
    A = (nMmM1*nMm*nPmM1*nPm/(pow(tnM5,2.0)*tnM3*pow(tnM1,5.0))-
    nMmP1*nMmP2*nPmP1*nPmP2/(pow(tnP3,5.0)*tnP5*tnP7*tnP7))/
    (tnM1*tnM1*tnP1*tnP3*tnP3)
    B =
    (nMmM3*nMmM2*nMmM1*nMm*nPmM3*nPmM2*nPmM1*nPm/(tnM7*tnM5*tnM5*pow(tnM3,3.0)*pow(t
    nM1,4.0))-nMmP1*nMmP2*nMmP3*nMmP4*nPmP1*nPmP2*nPmP3*nPmP4/
    (pow(tnP3,4.0)*pow(tnP5,3.0)*tnP7*tnP7*tnP9))/tnP1
    C = (pow(nMmP1*nMmP2*nPmP1*nPmP2,2.0)/(pow(tnP3,7.0)*tnP5*tnP5)-
    pow(nMmM1*nMm*nPmM1*nPm,2.0)/(tnM3*tnM3*pow(tnM1,7.0)))/(tnP1*tnP1)
    D =
    nMmM1*nMm*nMmP1*nMmP2*nPmM1*nPm*nPmP1*nPmP2/(tnM3*pow(tnM1*tnP3,4.0)*tnP1*tnP1*t
    nP5)
    L8 = 2.0*pow(tm*tm-1.0,2.0)*A+B/16.0+C/8.0+D/2.0
    LLPS = L0+(L2+(L4+(L6+L8*csq)*csq)*csq)*csq
    return(LLPS)

```

```
def U (B1, Gl, B2, G2, m, n, r1Start, r2Start, smax, LL):
```

```
# Fraction continue avec suite U1 de valeurs propres de fonction d onde
spheroidale ; fini
```

```

    if n == m+r1Start:
        U1= G1[r1Start]-LL
    else:
        U1 = B1[r1Start]/(Gl[r1Start]-LL)

```

```

        sStop = (n-m-1)/2
        s = r1Start+1
        while s <= sStop:
            U1=B1[s]/(G1[s]-LL-U1)
            s = s+1
        U1 = G1[s]-LL-U1
    # suite U2 ; infinie, mais tronquee apres smax termes
    s = 1
    U2 = B2[1]/(G2[1]-LL)
    while s <= smax:
        U2 = B2[s]/(G2[s]-LL-U2)
        s = s+1
    return(U1-U2)

def SWFAngCoeff(m, n, sign, c, smax, TMNeps, dmn, tmn):
    # coefficients de fonction angulaire spherique, utilisant tmn (cf Little et
    Corbato [Stra56]) avec iteration backward
    csq = sign*c*c
    # valeur propre modifiee
    tmn = SWFEvalTMN(m,n,csq, smax, TMNeps);
    # construire un tableau de coefficients
    nMm = n-m
    rSt = 0 if nMm % 2 == 0 else 1
    rLarge = nMm+14;
    dmn[rLarge] = 1.0;
    for r in range(rLarge, rSt+2, -2):
        if csq == 0.0:
            dmn[r] = 1.0 if r == nMm else 0.0
        else:
            dmn[r-2] = -bbtmn(m,n,r-nMm,csq, tmn)*dmn[r]/cc(m,r,csq) if
r==rLarge else
-(bbtmn(m,n,r-nMm,csq,tmn)*dmn[r]+aa(m,r,csq)*dmn[r+2])/cc(m,r,csq)
    # Normalisation selon le schema de Flammer (cf [Fla57])
    tm = m+m
    tmM1 = tm - 1.0
    fm = m
    fnPm = n + m
    fnMm = nMm
    trSt = 2*rSt
    frSt = rSt
    term = exp(LogGamma(tm+1.0+trSt)-LogGamma(fm+frSt+1.0))/pow(2.0,frSt)
    sum = term*dmn[rSt]
    for r in range(rSt+2, rLarge, 2):
        fr = r
        term *= -(fr+tmM1+frSt)/(fr-frSt)
        sum += term*dmn[r]
    phase = 1.0 if (nMm-rSt) % 4 == 0 else -1.0
    Norm = phase*exp(LogGamma(fnPm+frSt+1.0)-LogGamma(0.5*(fnMm-frSt)+1.0)-
LogGamma(0.5*(fnPm+frSt)+1.0))/(pow(2.0,fnMm)*sum)
    for r in range(rSt,rLarge+1,2):
        dmn[r] *= Norm
    return()

def aa(m, r, csq):
    # terme alpha pour la recurrence des coeff des fonctions d onde spheroidale
    tmPrP1 = 2*m+r+1
    tmPtrP3 = 2*(m+r)+3
    return((tmPrP1+1.0)*tmPrP1*csq/(tmPtrP3*(tmPtrP3+2.0)))

def bbtmn(m, n, s, csq, tmn):
    # terme beta pour la recurrence des coeff de fonction d onde spheroidale ;
    modifie pour la fonction auxiliaire tmn
    fm = m
    tn = 2*n

```

```

ts = 2*s
fs = s
tnPts = tn+ts

return(fs*(tn+fs+1.0)*(1.0+csq*(2.0*(4.0*fm*fm-1.0)/((tn-1.0)*(tn+3.0)*(tnPts-1.0)*(tnPts+3.0))))-csq*tmn)

def cc(m, r, csq):
# terme gamma pour la recurrence des coeff de fonction d onde spheroidale
fr = r
tm = 2*m
tmPtr = tm+2.0*fr
return(fr*(fr-1.0)*csq/((tmPtr-3.0)*(tmPtr-1.0)))

def SWFevalTMN(m, n, csq, smax, TMNeps):
# valeur propre de fonction d onde spheroidale sous forme tmn pour le degre n, l
ordre m, l argument csq : utilise smax termes dans la fraction continue et
obtient la valeur propre modifiee avec precision TMNeps
if csq == 0.0:
return(0.0)
# construire les tableaux de termes dans les fractions continues qui sont
independantes de la valeur propre
c2D2 = 0.5*csq
tcsq = 2.0*csq
c4 = csq*csq
nMm = n-m
fm2M1 = 4.0*m*m-1.0
# Elements pour la fonction U1
r1Start = 0 if nMm % 2==0 else 1
r = r1Start
fr = r
tmPr = 2*m+r
mPr = m+r
tmPtrM1 = 2.0*mPr-1.0
tn = n+n
tnM13 = (tn-1.0)*(tn+3.0)
s = fr - nMm
for t in range(r1Start, (nMm+1)//2+1):
B1[t] =
(fr+2.0)*(fr+1.0)*(tmPr+2.0)*(tmPr+1.0)*c4/((tmPtrM1+4.0)*(tmPtrM1+4.0)*(tmPtrM1
+2.0)*(tmPtrM1+6.0))
tnPtsM1 = tn+2.0*s-1.0
GTT1[t] = s*(tn+s+1.0)*(1.0+tcsq*fm2M1/(tnM13*tnPtsM1*(tnPtsM1+4.0)))
fr += 2.0
tmPr += 2.0
tmPtrM1 += 4.0
mPr += 2.0
s += 2.0
# Elements pour la fonction U2 ; r commence en n-m+2smax pour smax termes
r2Start=nMm+2*smax
fr = r2Start;
tmPr = 2*m+r2Start
mPr = m+r2Start
tmPtrM1 = 2*mPr-1
s= 2*smax
for t in range(1, smax+1):
B2[t] = fr*(fr-1.0)*tmPr*(tmPr-1.0)*c4/(tmPtrM1*tmPtrM1*(tmPtrM1-
2.0)*(tmPtrM1+2.0))
tnPtsM1 = tn+2.0*s-1.0
GTT2[t] = s*(tn+s+1.0)*(1.0+tcsq*fm2M1/(tnM13*tnPtsM1*(tnPtsM1+4.0)))
fr -= 2.0
tmPr -= 2.0
tmPtrM1 -= 4.0
mPr -= 2.0

```

```

s -= 2.0;
# valeur propre modifiee estimee multipliee par le carre de c
cTMNest = -0.01*csq
# encadrement de la valeur propre modifiee
cTMNu = cTMNest*1.1
cTMNd = cTMNest*0.9
Uu = U(B1, GTT1, B2, GTT2, m, n, r1start, r2Start, smax, cTMNu)
Ud = U(B1, GTT1, B2, GTT2, m, n, r1start, r2Start, smax, cTMNd)
k= 1
while Uu*Ud > 0.0:
    cTstep = cTMNu - cTMNd
    if abs (Uu) < abs (Ud):
        cTMNu += cTstep
        Uu = U(B1, GTT1, B2, GTT2, m, n, r1start, r2Start, smax, cTMNu)
    else:
        cTMNd -= cTstep
        Ud = U(B1, GTT1, B2, GTT2, m, n, r1start, r2Start, smax, cTMNd)
    if k> NTRY:
        #print(f'\n SWFevalTMN bracket > {NTRY} tries : 0 returned')
        return(0.0)
    k = k+1
# Raffiner la racine a une precision fractionnaire de TMNeps par la
methode de bisection ; commencer en cTMNu et TMNd
Uu = U(B1, GTT1, B2, GTT2, m, n, r1start, r2Start, smax, cTMNu)
Umid = U(B1, GTT1, B2, GTT2, m, n, r1start, r2Start, smax, cTMNd);
# trouver la direction telle que U>0 pour cTMNrt+dcTMN
if Uu < 0.0:
    dcTMN = cTMNd - cTMNu
    cTMNrt = cTMNu
else:
    dcTMN = cTMNu - cTMNd
    cTMNrt = cTMNd
k = 0
while (abs(dcTMN) >= TMNeps) and (Umid != 0.0):
    dcTMN *= 0.5;
    cTMNmids = cTMNrt+dcTMN
    Umid = U(B1, GTT1, B2, GTT2, m, n, r1start, r2Start, smax, cTMNmids)
    if Umid <= 0.0:
        cTMNrt = cTMNmids
    k = k+1
    if k > KMAX:
        print(f'\n > {KMAX} tries to bisect root')
        Umid = 0.0
return(xTMNrt/csq)

def U(B1, GTT1, B2, GTT2, m, n, r1start, r2Start, smax, cTMN):
# fraction continue avec valeur propre de la fonction d onde spherique modifiee
TMN fois csq
# suite U1 ; finie
if n == m:
    U1 = GTT1[0]-cTMN
else:
    if n == m+1:
        U1 = GTT1[1]-cTMN
    else:
        U1 = B1[r1start]/(GTT1[r1start]-cTMN)
        sStop = (n-m-1)/2
        s = r1start+1
        while s <= sStop:
            U1 = B1[s]/(GTT1[s]-cTMN-U1)
            s = s+1
        U1 = GTT1[s]-cTMN-U1
# suite U2, infinie, mais tronquee apres smax termes
s = 1;

```

```

    U2 = B2[1]/(GTT2[1]-cTMN)
    while s <= smax:
        U2 = B2[s]/(GTT2[s]-cTMN-U2)
        s = s+1
    return(U1-U2)

def S1MN(m, n, eta, dmn, Seps):
    # fonction spheroidale angulaire du premier type ; degre n, ordre m, argument
    eta. Convergence vers une precision fractionnaire Seps
    nMm = n-m
    rStart = 0 if nMm % 2 == 0 else 1
    rLarge = nMm + 14 # domaine des coefficients environ 10**15
    sum = 0.0
    ratio = 10
    r = rStart
    while ratio > Seps:
        if r > rLarge:
            print(f'\n\n S1NM unconverged to {Seps:.6E} in {rLarge} terms')
            return(sum)
        term = dmn[r]*PNM(m+r,m,eta)
        sum += term
        ratio = abs(term/sum)
        r += 2
    return(sum)

def S2MN(m, n, eta, dmn, Seps):
    # fonction spheroidale angulaire du second type ; degre n, ordre m, argument
    eta. Convergence vers une precision fractionnaire Seps
    nMm = n-m
    rStart = 0 if nMm % 2 == 0 else 1
    rLarge = nMm +14 # coefficient range about 10**15
    sum = 0.0
    ratio = 10
    r = rStart
    while ratio > Seps:
        if r > rLarge:
            print(f'\n\n S2NM unconverged to {Seps:.6} in {rLarge} terms')
            return(sum)
        term = dmn[r]*QNM(m+r,m,eta)
        sum += term
        ratio = abs(term/sum)
        r += 2
    return(sum)

MAX = 500
NTRY = 500
KMAX = 500
B1 = np.zeros(1000)
B2 = np.zeros(1000)
G1 = np.zeros(1000)
G2 = np.zeros(1000)
dmn = np.zeros(1000)
GTT1 = np.zeros(1000)
GTT2 = np.zeros(1000)
signe = +1 # prolate
# signe = -1 # oblate
c = 1
nbtermesfraccontinue = 4
epsilon = 0.0001
print(' signe (prolate 1 oblate -1) = ',signe,'nb-termes-frac-continue = ',nbtermesfraccontinue,' epsilon = ',epsilon,' m = 0',' c = ',c)
listevalpropres = []
for n in range(-120,120):
    #print('n = ',n,' c = ',c,end='')

```

```
    res = SWFevalue(n,0,signe,c,nbtermesfraccontinue,epsilon)
    listevalpropres.append(res)
    #print(' ---> ',res)
L2 = sorted(listevalpropres)
print('L2 = ',L2)
```